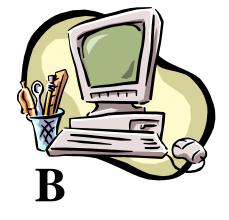
#### **Distributed Systems**

# Group Membership and View Synchronous Communication

Prof R. Guerraoui Distributed Programming Laboratory

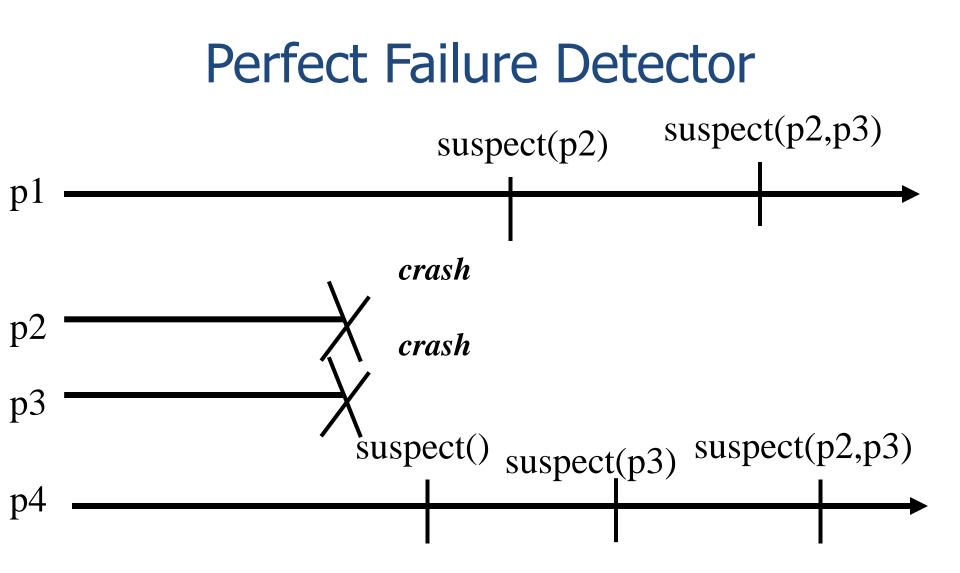


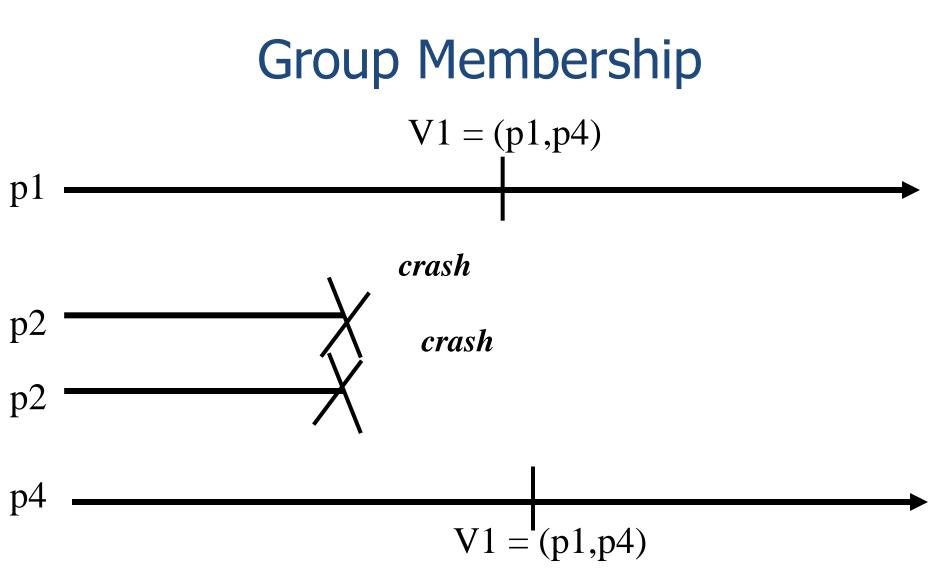
#### Who is there?





- In some distributed applications, processes need to know which processes are *participating* in the computation and which are not
- Failure detectors provide such information; however, that information is *not coordinated* (see next slide) even if the failure detector is perfect





 To illustrate the concept, we focus here on a group membership abstraction to coordinate the information about *crashes*

 In general, a group membership abstraction can also typically be used to coordinate the processes *joinning* and *leaving* explicitly the set of processes (i.e., without crashes)

- Like with a failure detector, the processes are informed about failures; we say that the processes install views
- *Like* with a perfect failure detector, the processes have accurate knowledge about failures
- Unlike with a perfect failure detector, the information about failures are coordinated: the processes install the same sequence of views

*Memb1. Local Monotonicity:* If a process installs view (j,M) after installing (k,N), then j > k and M < N

- *Memb2. Agreement:* No two processes install views (j,M) and (j,M') such that  $M \neq M'$
- **Memb3.** Completeness: If a process p crashes, then there is an integer j such that every correct process eventually installs view (j,M) such that  $p \notin M$

**Memb4.** Accuracy: If some process installs a view (i,M) and  $p \notin M$ , then p has crashed

#### Events

Indication: <membView, V>

- Properties:
  - Memb1, Memb2, Memb3, Memb4

# Algorithm (gmp)

Implements: groupMembership (gmp).

Vses:

- PerfectFailureDetector (P).
- UniformConsensus(Ucons).
- upon event < Init > do
  - view := (0,S);
  - correct := S;
  - wait := true;

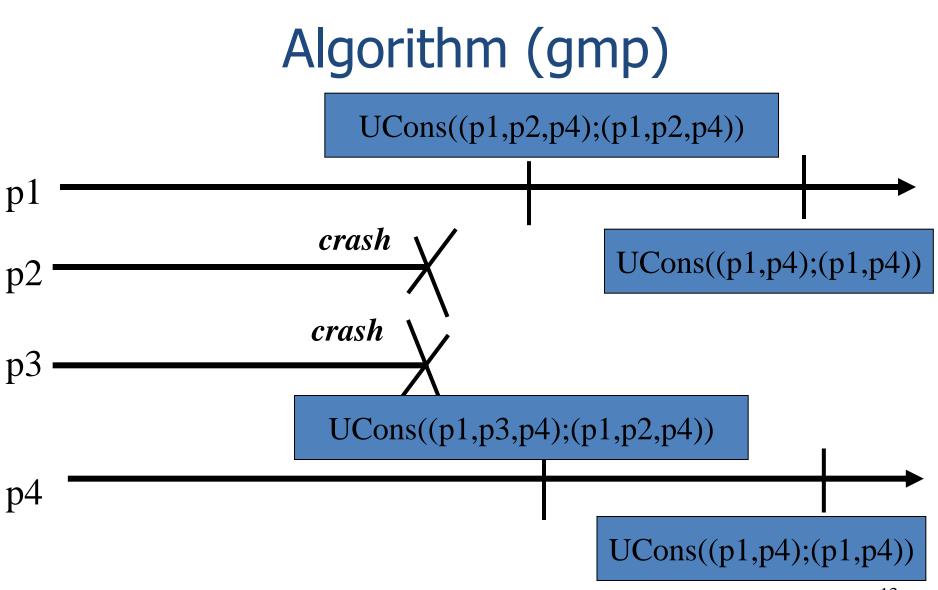
### Algorithm (gmp – cont'd)

- r upon event < crash, pi > do
  - correct := correct \ {pi};

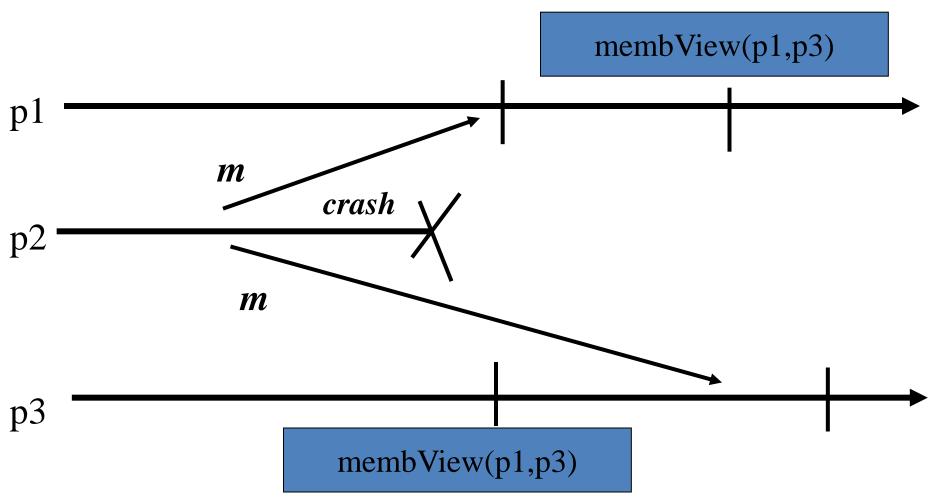
- upon event (correct < view.memb) and (wait = false) do
  - wait := true;
  - trigger<ucPropose,(view.id+1,correct) >;

# Algorithm (gmp – cont'd)

- upon event < ucDecided, (id, memb)> do
  - view := (id, memb);
  - wait := false;
  - trigger < membView, view>;



#### **Group Membership and Broadcast**



• *View synchronous broadcast* is an abstraction that results from the combination of group membership and reliable broadcast

• *View synchronous broadcast* ensures that the delivery of messages is coordinated with the installation of views

#### Besides the properties of *group membership* (*Memb1-Memb4*) and *reliable broadcast* (*RB1-RB4*), the following property is ensured:

VS: A message is vsDelivered in the view
where it is vsBroadcast

#### *Events*

#### Request:

- Indication:
  - <vsDeliver, src, m>
  - <vsView, V>

If the application keeps *vsBroadcasting* messages, the *view synchrony* abstraction might never be able to *vsInstall* a new view; the abstraction would be impossible to implement

We introduce a specific event for the abstraction to *block* the application from *vsBroadcasting* messages; this only happens when a process crashes

- Events
  - Request:
  - Indication:
    - < <vsDeliver, src, m>; <vsView, V>; <vsBlock>

# Algorithm (vsc)

**Implements:** ViewSynchrony (vs).

#### Uses:

- GroupMembership (gmp).
- TerminatingReliableBroadcast(trb).
- BestEffortBroadcast(beb).

- upon event < Init > do
  - $\checkmark$  view := (0,S); nextView :=  $\perp$ ;
  - $\checkmark$  pending := delivered := trbDone :=  $\varnothing$ ;
  - flushing := blocked := false;

- r upon event <vsBroadcast,m) and (blocked =
  false) do</pre>
  - $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{ m \}$
  - r trigger <vsDeliver, self, m>;
  - r trigger <bebBroadcast, [Data,view.id,m>;

- where the set of the set of
  - ✓ If(view.id = vid) and (m ∉ delivered) and (blocked = false) then

 $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{ m \}$ 

f trigger <vsDeliver, src, m >;

upon event < membView, V > do

– addtoTail (pending, V);

✓ Upon (pending ≠ Ø) and (flushing = false) do
 ✓ nextView := removeFromhead (pending);
 ✓ flushing := true;
 ✓ trigger <vsBlock>;

#### Upon <vsBlockOk> do

- blocked := true;
- $\checkmark$  trbDone:=  $\varnothing$ ;
- trigger <trbBroadcast, self,
   (view.id,delivered)>;

- ✓ Upon <trbDeliver, p, (vid, del)> do
  ✓ trbDone := trbDone  $\cup \{p\}$ ;
  - ✓ forall m ∈ del and m ∉ delivered do
    ✓ delivered := delivered  $\cup$  { m }:
  - r trigger <vsDeliver, src, m >;

- ✓ Upon (trbDone = view.memb) and (blocked = true) do
  - view := nextView;
  - flushing := blocked := false;
  - $\checkmark$  delivered :=  $\varnothing$ ;
  - final trigger <vsView, view>;

#### Consensus-Based View Synchrony

Instead of launching parallel instances of TRBs, plus a group membership, we use one consensus instance and parallel broadcasts for every view change

Roughly, the processes exchange the messages they have delivered when they detect a failure, and use consensus to agree on the membership and the message set

### Algorithm 2 (vsc)

**Implements:** ViewSynchrony (vs).

#### C Uses:

- UniformConsensus (uc).
- BestEffortBroadcast(beb).
- PerfectFailureDetector(P).

- upon event < Init > do
  - r view := (0,S);
  - correct := S;
  - flushing := blocked := false;
  - $\checkmark$  delivered := dset :=  $\varnothing$ ;

- **upon event** <vsBroadcast,m) and (blocked = false) **do** 
  - $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{ m \}$
  - r trigger <vsDeliver, self,m>;
  - r trigger <bebBroadcast,[Data,view.id,m] >;

- upon event<bebDeliver,src,[Data,vid,m]) do
  </pre>
  - if (view.id = vid) and m ∉ delivered and
     blocked = false then

 $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{ m \}$ 

f trigger <vsDeliver, src, m >;

- upon event < crash, p > do
  - correct := correct  $\ p$ ;
  - if flushing = false then
    - flushing := true;
    - trigger <vsBlock>;

Algorithm 2 (vsc – cont'd) • Upon <vsBlockOk> do

- blocked := true;
- frigger <bebBroadcast,
  [DSET,view.id,delivered] >;
- Upon <bebDeliver, src, [DSET,vid,del] > do
  - r dset:= dset  $\cup$  (src,del);
  - ✓ if forall p ∈ correct, (p,mset) ∈ dset then trigger <ucPropose, view.id+1, correct, dset >;

Algorithm 2 (vsc - cont'd)
✓ Upon <ucDecided, id, memb, vsdset > do
✓ forall (p,mset) ∈ vs-dset: p ∈ memb do
✓ forall (src,m) ∈ mset: m ∉ delivered do
✓ delivered := delivered ∪ {m}
✓ trigger <vsDeliver, src, m>;

- ✓ view := (id, memb); flushing := blocked := false; dset := delivered := ∅;
- r trigger <vsView, view>;

#### **Uniform View Synchrony**

We now combine the properties of

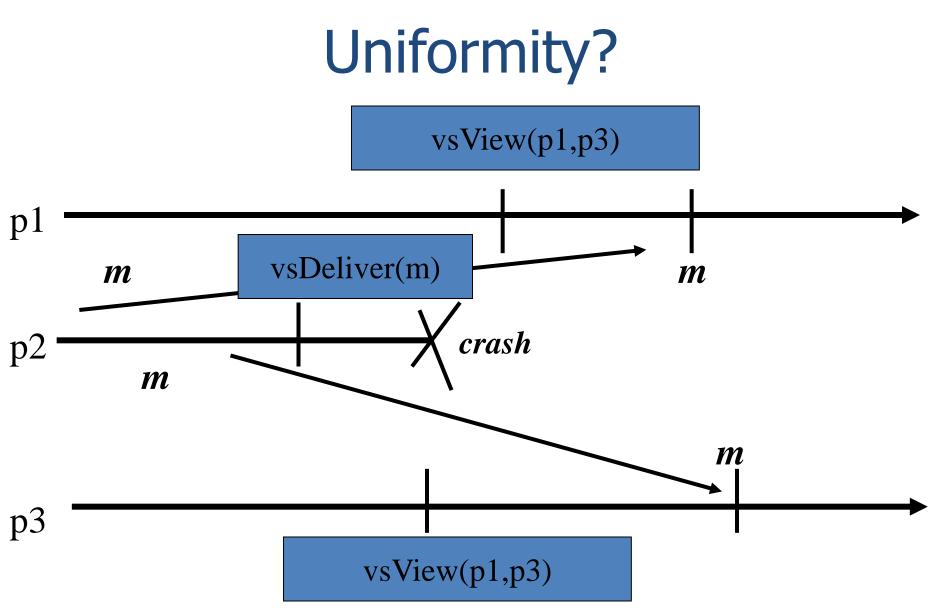
group membership (Memb1-Memb4) – which is already uniform

*uniform reliable broadcast (RB1-RB4)* – which we require to be uniform

VS: A message is vsDelivered in the view where it is vsBroadcast – which is already uniform

#### **Uniform View Synchrony**

Using uniform reliable broadcast instead of best effort broadcast in the previous algorithms does not ensure the uniformity of the message delivery



#### Algorithm 3 (uvsc)

#### upon event < Init > do

- r view := (0,S);
- correct := S;
- flushing := blocked := false;
- $\checkmark$  udelivered := delivered := dset :=  $\varnothing$ ;
- $\checkmark$  for all m: ack(m) :=  $\varnothing$ ;

- r upon event <vsBroadcast,m) and (blocked = false) do
  - $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{m\};$
  - trigger <bebBroadcast,[Data,view.id,m] >;

- upon event < bebDeliver,src,[Data,vid,m]) do
   if (view.id = vid) then
  </pre>
  - $\checkmark$  ack(m) := ack(m)  $\cup$  {src};
  - ✓ if m ∉ delivered then
    - $\checkmark$  delivered := delivered  $\cup \{ m \}$
  - for trigger <bebBroadcast,
     [Data,view.id,m] >;

- ✓ upon event (view ≤ ack(m)) and (m ∉ udelivered) do
  - udelivered := udelivered ∪ { m }
  - rtrigger <vsDeliver, src(m), m >;

- upon event < crash, p > do
  - correct := correct  $\ p$ ;
  - if flushing = false then
    - flushing := true;
    - trigger <vsBlock>;

Algorithm 3 (uvsc – cont'd) • Upon <vsBlockOk> do

- blocked := true;
- trigger <bebBroadcast,
   [DSET,view.id,delivered] >;
- Upon <bebDeliver, src, [DSET,vid,del] > do
  - $\checkmark$  dset:= dset  $\cup$  (src,del);
  - if forall p ∈ correct, (p,mset) ∈ dset
     then trigger <ucPropose, view.id+1,
     correct, dset >;

Upon <ucDecided, id, memb, vsdset > do

- *r* **forall** (p,mset)  $\in$  vs-dset: p  $\in$  memb do
- forall (src,m) ∈ mset: m ∉ udelivered do
  - $\checkmark$  udelivered := udelivered  $\cup \{m\}$
  - r trigger <vsDeliver, src, m>;
- view := (id, memb); flushing := blocked :=
   false; dset := delivered := udelivered := Ø;
- r trigger <vsView, view>;