



Distributed systems

Causal Broadcast

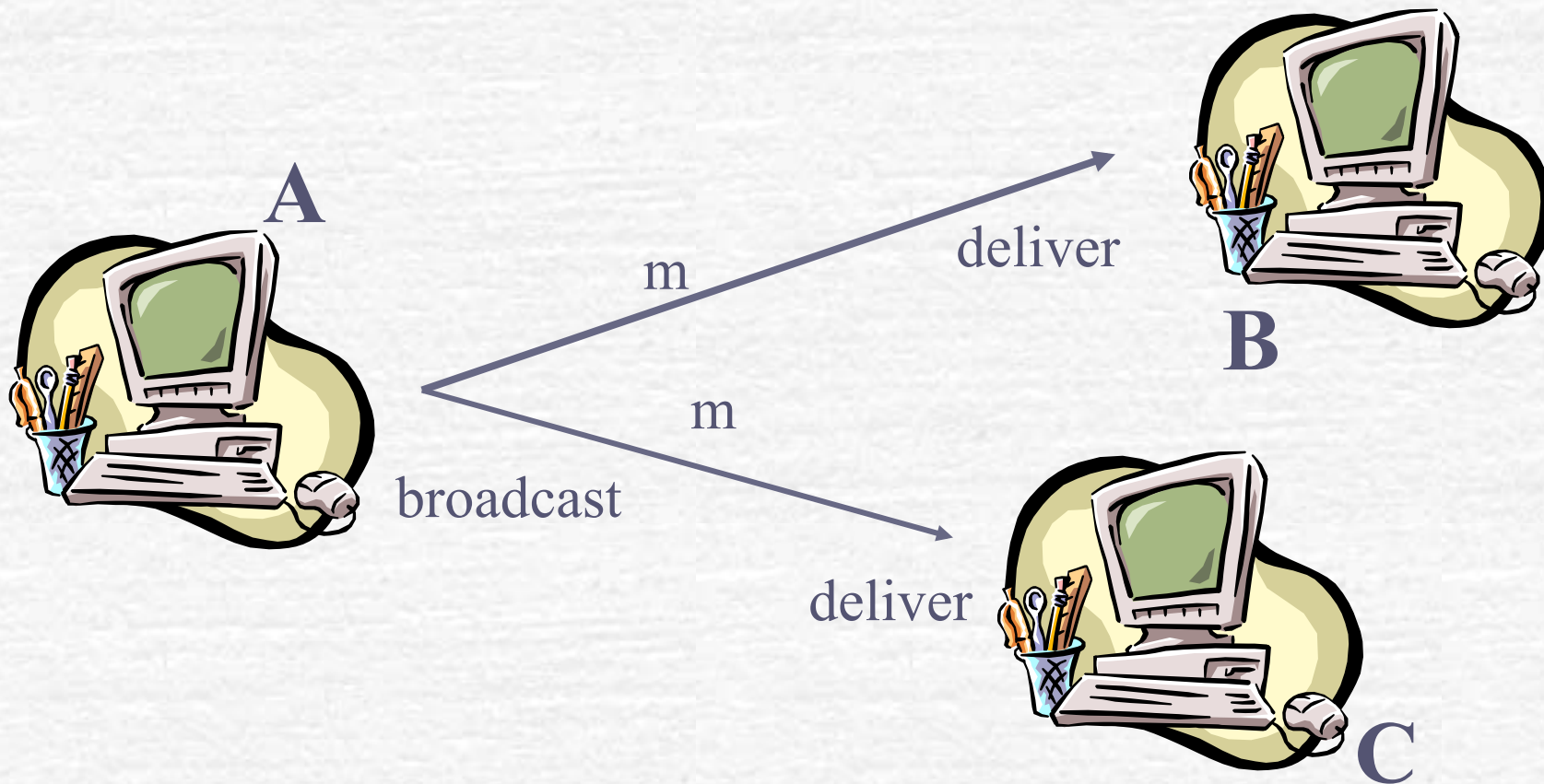
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Distributed Programming Laboratory

Overview

- **Intuitions:** why causal broadcast?
- **Specifications** of *causal broadcast*
- **Algorithms:**
 - A *non-blocking* algorithm using the *past* and
 - A *blocking* algorithm using *vector clocks*

Broadcast



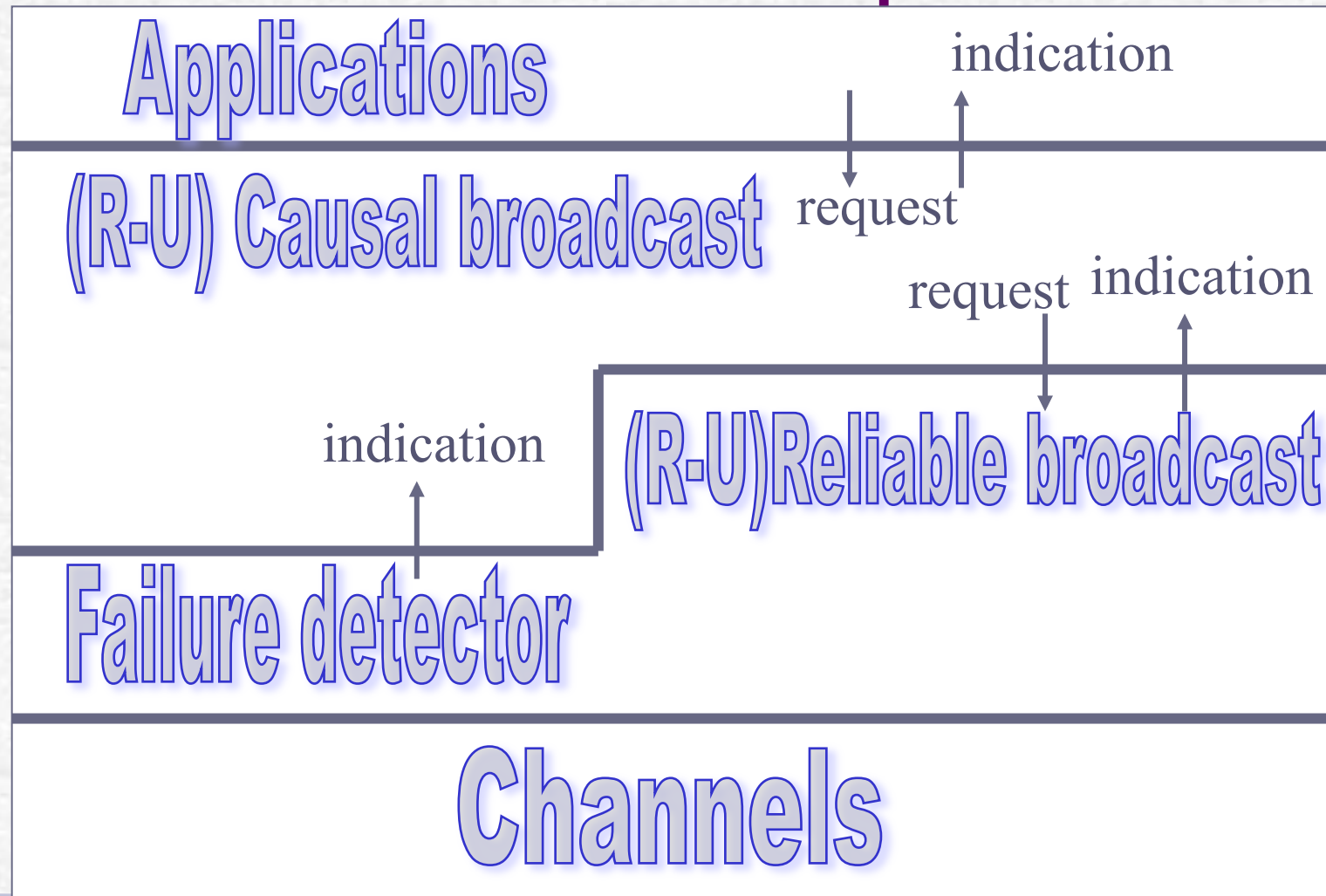
Intuitions (1)

- So far, we did not consider ordering among messages; In particular, we considered messages to be independent
- Two messages from the same process might not be delivered in the order they were broadcast
- A message m_1 that causes a message m_2 might be delivered by some process after m_2

Intuitions (2)

- Consider a system of news where every new event that is displayed in the screen contains a reference to the event that caused it, e.g., a comment on some information includes a reference to the actual information
- Even uniform reliable broadcast does not guarantee such a dependency of delivery
- Causal broadcast alleviates the need for the application to deal with such dependencies

Modules of a process



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Causal broadcast

• **Events**

- Request: $\langle \text{coBroadcast}, m \rangle$
- Indication: $\langle \text{coDeliver}, \text{src}, m \rangle$

• **Property:**

- ***Causal Order (CO)***

Causality

Let $m1$ and $m2$ be any two messages:
 $m1 \rightarrow m2$ ($m1$ causally precedes $m2$)
iff

- **C1 (FIFO order).** Some process p_i broadcasts $m1$ before broadcasting $m2$
- **C2 (Local order).** Some process p_i delivers $m1$ and then broadcasts $m2$
- **C3 (Transitivity).** There is a message $m3$ such that $m1 \rightarrow m3$ and $m3 \rightarrow m2$

Causal broadcast

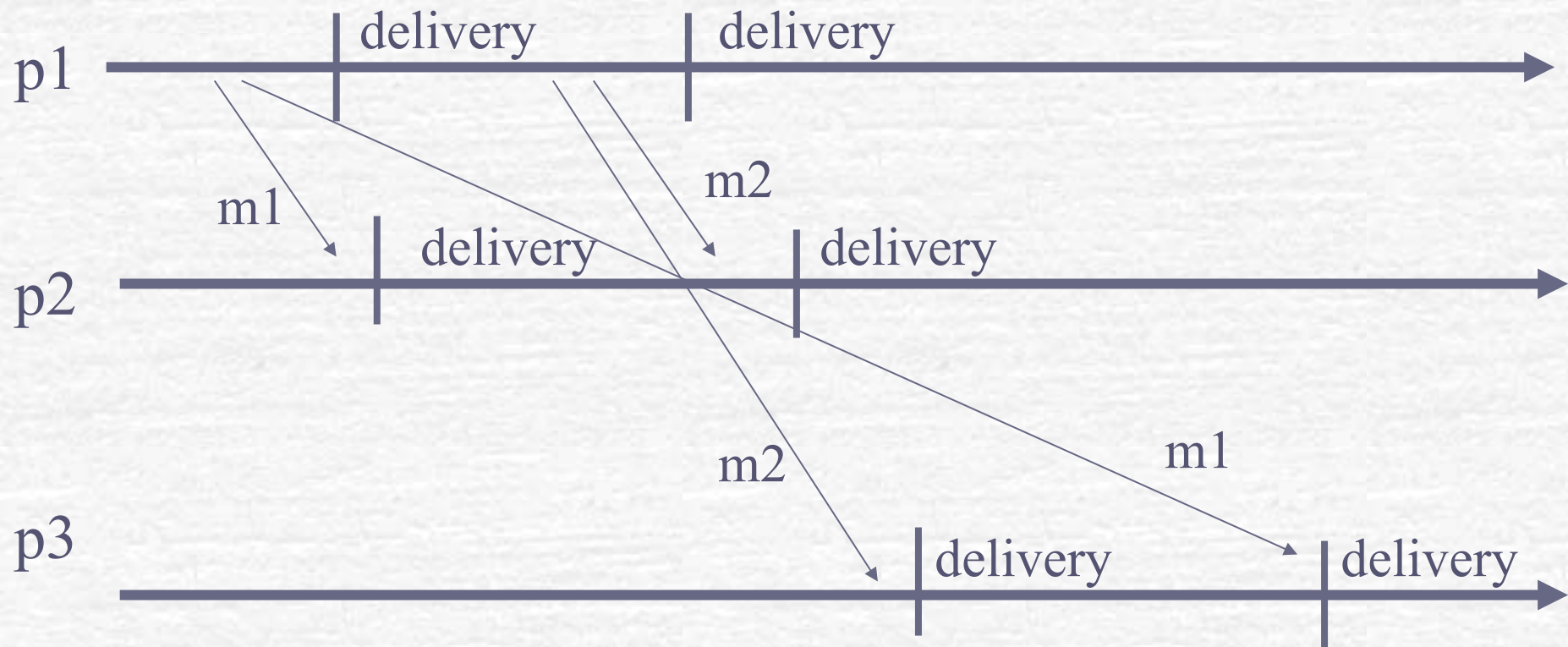
• *Events*

- Request: $\langle \text{coBroadcast}, m \rangle$
- Indication: $\langle \text{coDeliver}, \text{src}, m \rangle$

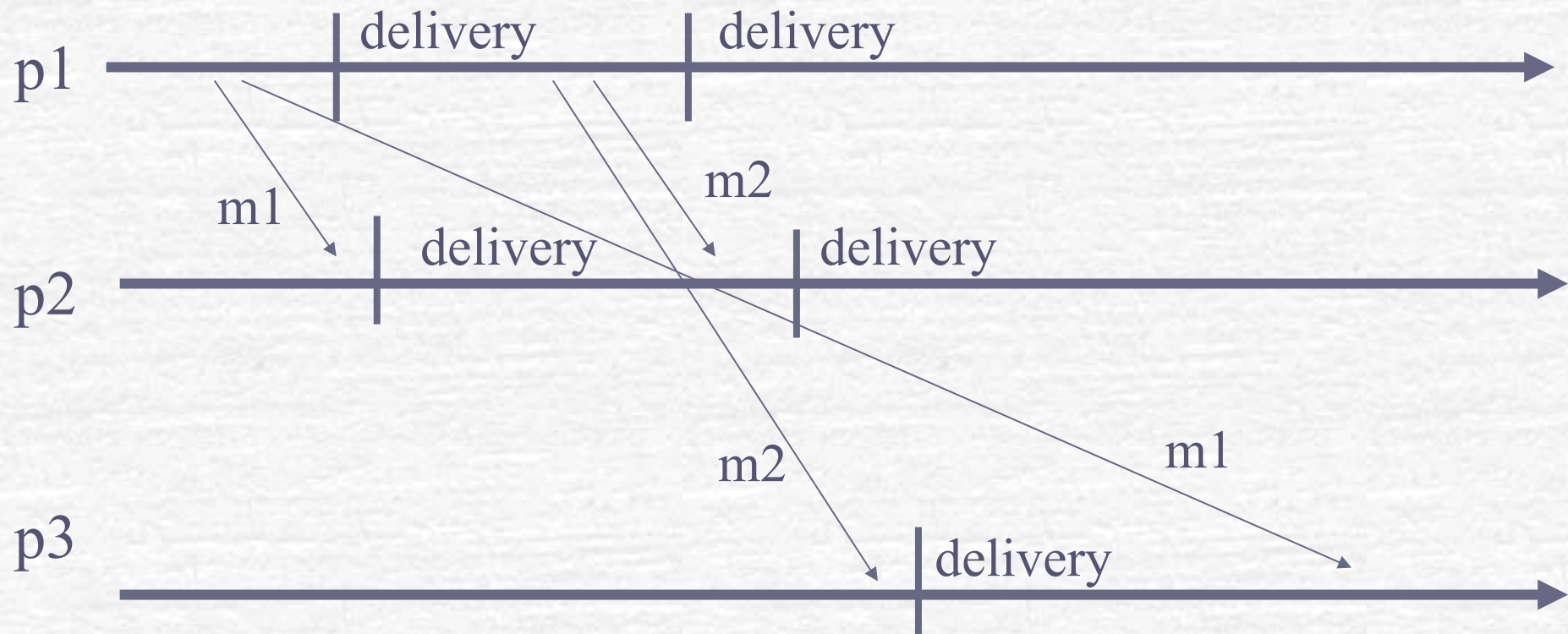
• *Property:*

- **CO:** If any process p_i delivers a message m_2 , then p_i must have delivered every message m_1 such that $m_1 \rightarrow m_2$

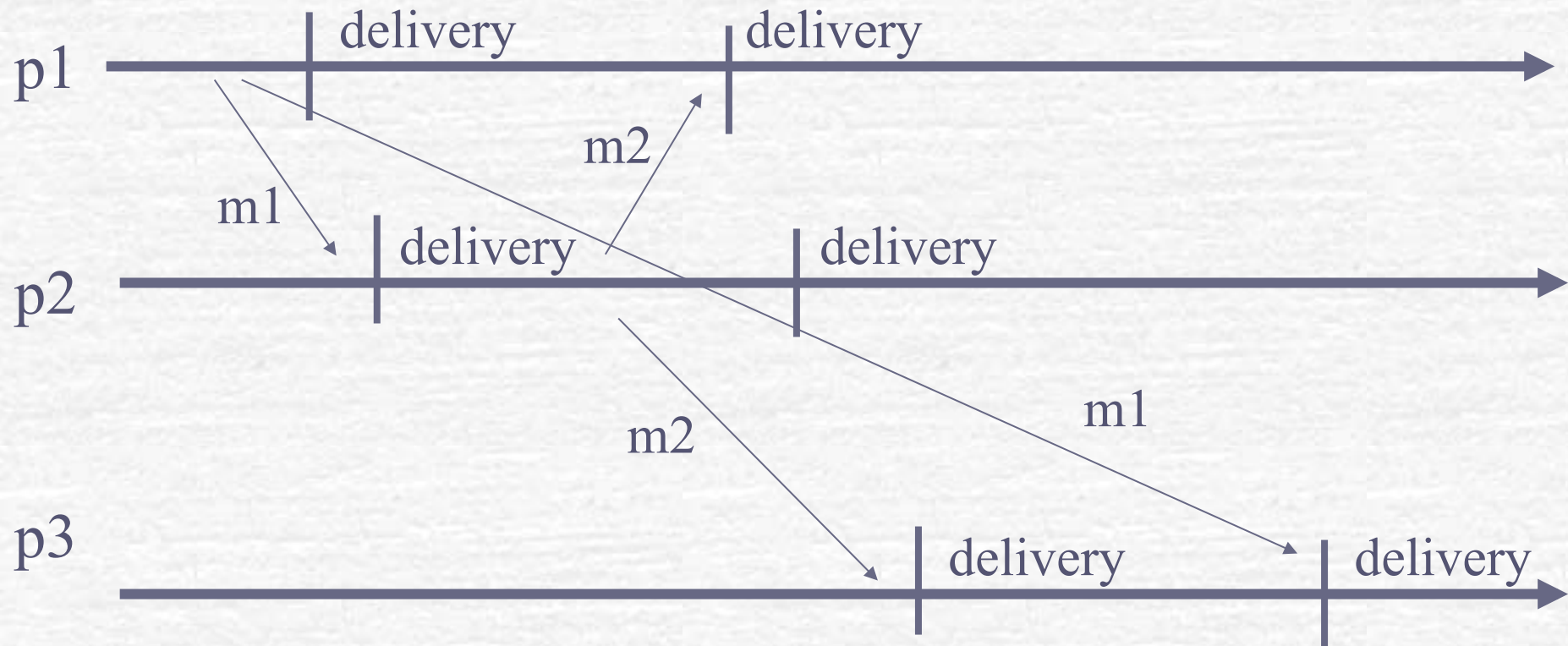
Causality ?



Causality ?



Causality ?



Reliable causal broadcast (rcb)

• **Events**

- Request: $\langle \text{rcoBroadcast}, m \rangle$
- Indication: $\langle \text{rcoDeliver}, \text{src}, m \rangle$

• **Properties:**

- ***RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4 +***
- ***CO***

Uniform causal broadcast (ucb)

• **Events**

• Request: $\langle \text{ucoBroadcast}, m \rangle$

• Indication: $\langle \text{ucoDeliver}, \text{src}, m \rangle$

• **Properties:**

• ***URB1, URB2, URB3, URB4 +***

• ***CO***

Overview

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Algorithms

- We present **reliable causal broadcast** algorithms using **reliable broadcast**
- We obtain **uniform causal broadcast** algorithms by using instead an underlying **uniform reliable broadcast**

Algorithm 1

- **Implements:** ReliableCausalOrderBroadcast (rco).
- **Uses:** ReliableBroadcast (rb).
- **upon event** < Init > **do**
 - delivered := past := $\emptyset$;
- **upon event** < rcoBroadcast, m > **do**
 - **trigger** < rbBroadcast, [Data,past,m]>;
 - past := past $\cup$ {[self,m]};

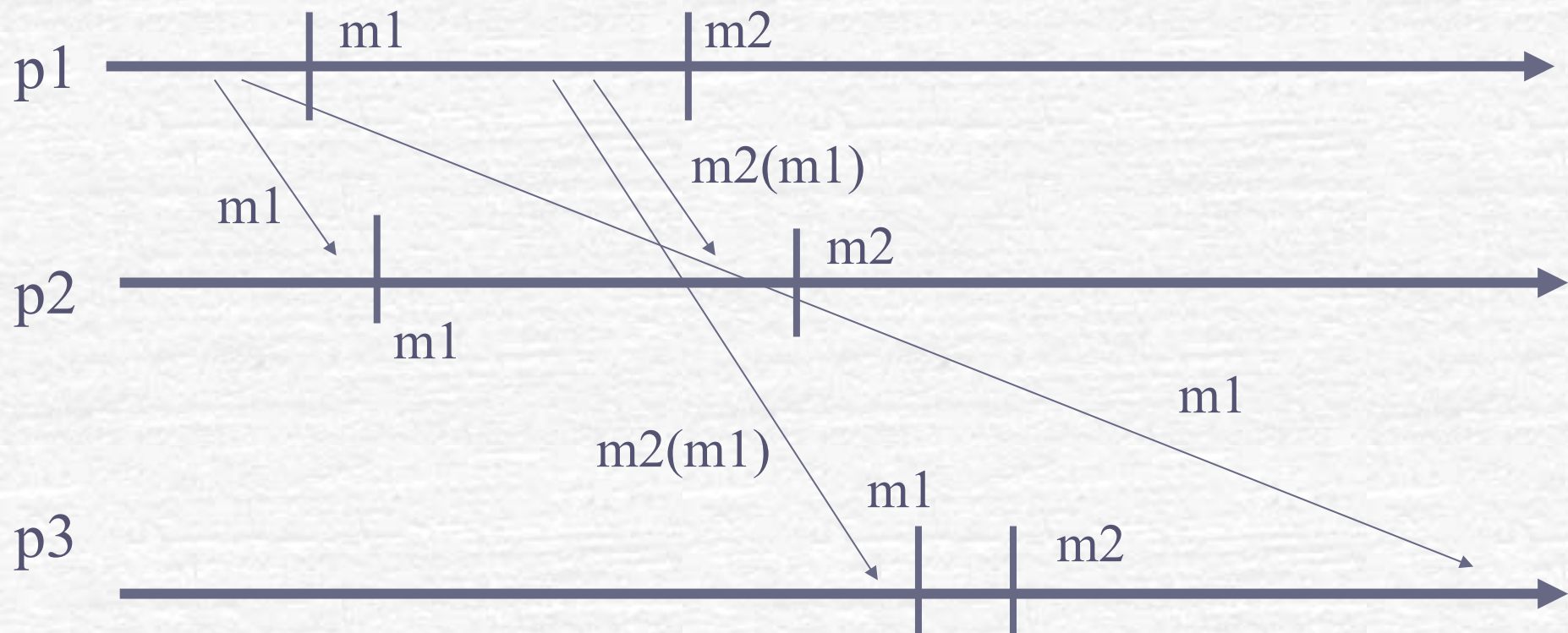
Algorithm 1 (cont'd)

- ☛ **upon event** $\langle \text{rbDeliver}, \text{pi}, [\text{Data}, \text{past}_m, m] \rangle$ **do**
 - ☛ **if** $m \notin \text{delivered}$ **then**
 - ☛ (*) **forall** $[\text{sn}, n]$ in past_m **do**
 - ☛ **if** $n \notin \text{delivered}$ **then**
 - ☛ **trigger** $\langle \text{rcoDeliver}, \text{sn}, n \rangle$;
 - ☛ $\text{delivered} := \text{delivered} \cup \{n\}$;
 - ☛ $\text{past} := \text{past} \cup \{[\text{sn}, n]\}$;

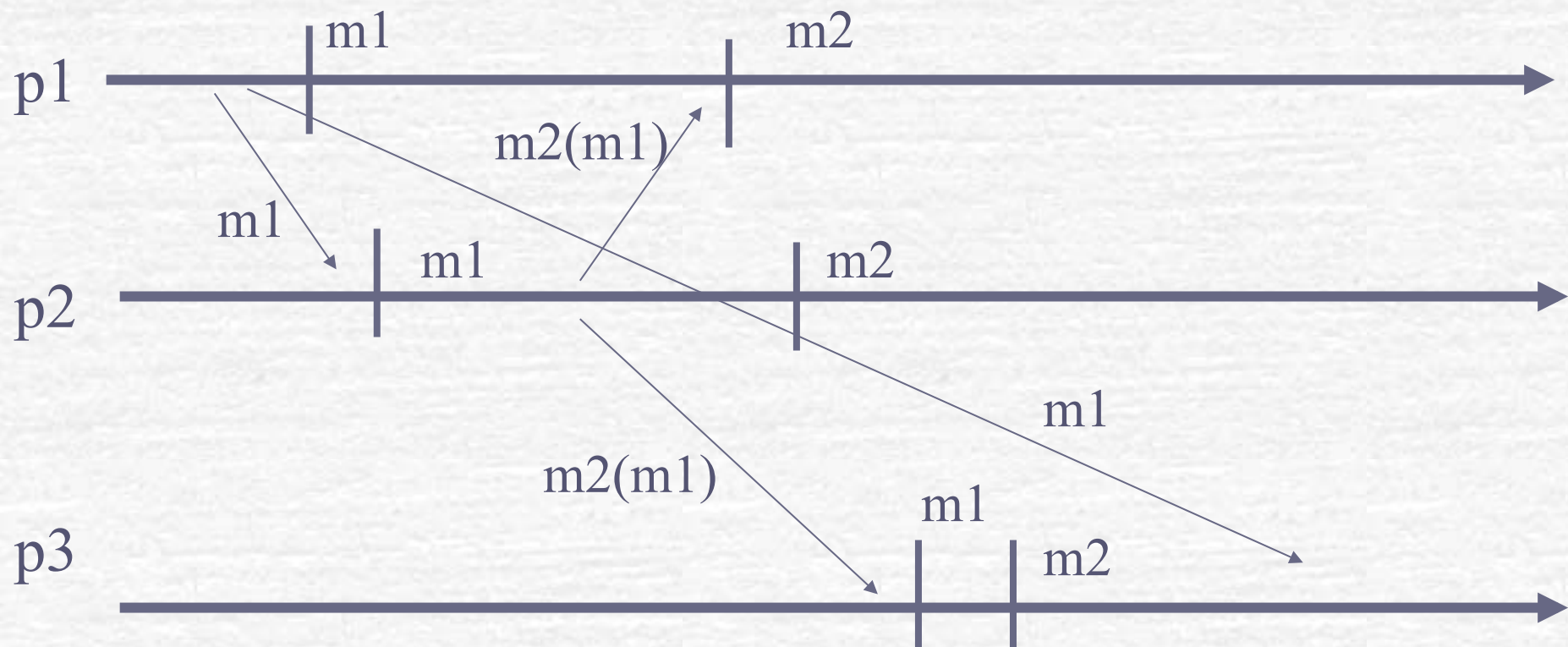
Algorithm 1 (cont'd)

- (*)
- ...
- ...
- ...
- **trigger** <rcoDeliver,pi,m>;
- delivered := delivered $\cup$ {m};
- past := past $\cup$ {[pi,m]};

Algorithm 1



Algorithm 1



Uniformity

- Algorithm 1 ensures causal reliable broadcast
- If we replace reliable broadcast with uniform reliable broadcast, Algorithm 1 would ensure uniform causal broadcast

Algorithm 1' (gc)

- **Implements:** GarbageCollection (+ Algo 1).
- **Uses:**
 - ReliableBroadcast (rb).
 - PerfectFailureDetector(P).
- **upon event** < Init > **do**
 - delivered := past := $\emptyset$;
 - correct := S;
 - ack_m := $\emptyset$ (for all m);

Algorithm 1' (gc – cont'd)

• **upon event** $\langle \text{crash}, p_i \rangle$ **do**

• $\text{correct} := \text{correct} \setminus \{p_i\}$

• **upon** for some $m \in \text{delivered}$: $\text{self} \notin \text{ack}_m$ **do**

• $\text{ack}_m := \text{ack}_m \cup \{\text{self}\};$

• **trigger** $\langle \text{rbBroadcast}, [\text{ACK}, m] \rangle;$

Algorithm 1' (gc – cont'd)

- **upon event** $\langle \text{rbDeliver}, p_i, [\text{ACK}, m] \rangle$ **do**
 - $\text{ack}_m := \text{ack}_m \cup \{p_i\};$
 - **if forall** $p_j \in \text{correct}: p_j \in \text{ack}_m$ **do**
 - $\text{past} := \text{past} \setminus \{[sm, m]\};$

Algorithm 2

- **Implements:** ReliableCausalOrderBroadcast (rco).
- **Uses:** ReliableBroadcast (rb).
- **upon event** < Init > **do**
 - **for all** $p_i \in S$: $VC[p_i] := 0$;
 - $pending := \emptyset$

Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

- **upon event** $\langle \text{rcoBroadcast}, m \rangle$ **do**
 - **trigger** $\langle \text{rcoDeliver}, \text{self}, m \rangle$;
 - **trigger** $\langle \text{rbBroadcast}, [\text{Data}, \text{VC}, m] \rangle$;
 - $\text{VC}[\text{self}] := \text{VC}[\text{self}] + 1$;

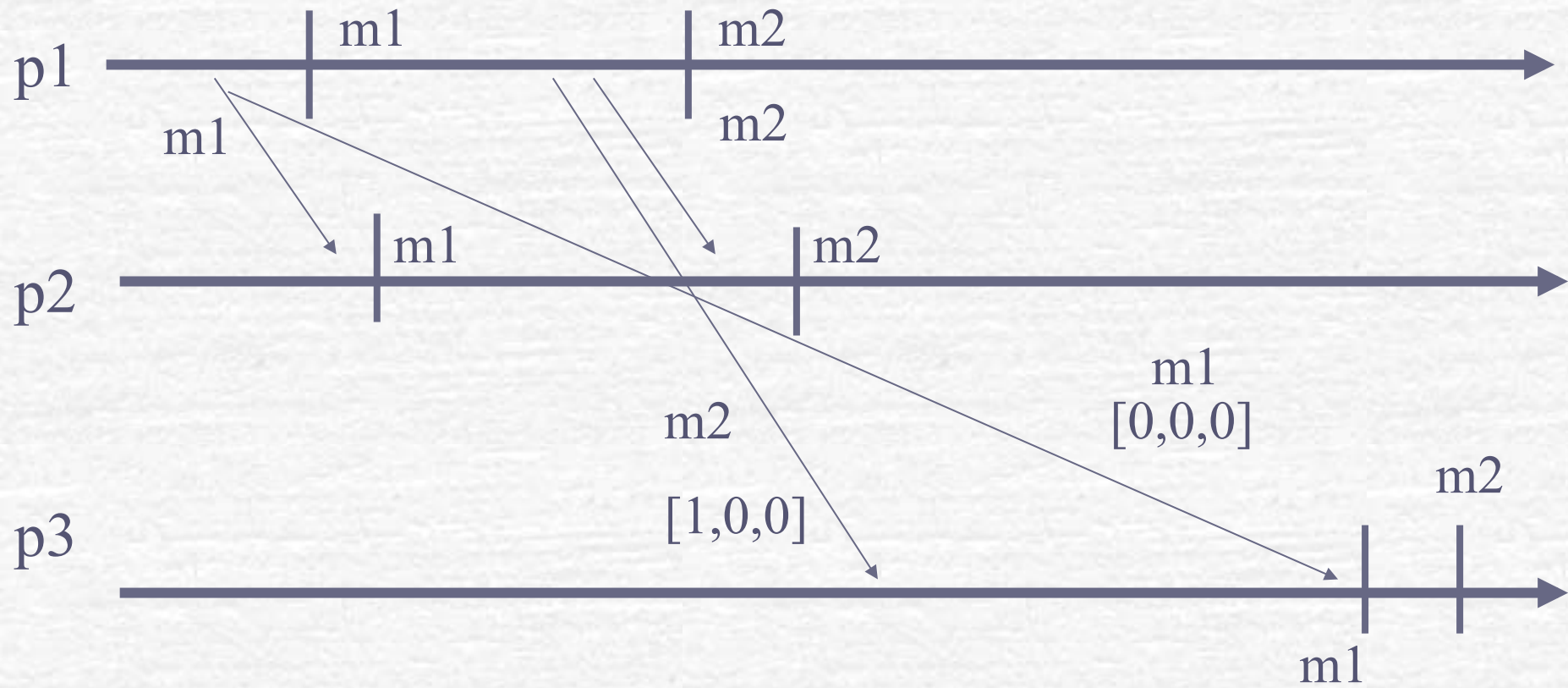
Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

- **upon event** <rbDeliver, pj, [Data,VCm,m]> **do**
 - **if** pj $\neq$ self **then**
 - pending := pending $\cup$ (pj, [Data,VCm,m]);
 - deliver-pending.

Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

- **procedure deliver-pending is**
 - **While** $(s, [\text{Data}, \text{VCm}, m]) \in \text{pending}$ **s.t.**
 - **for all** $pk: (\text{VC}[pk] \geq \text{VCm}[pk])$ **do**
 - $\text{pending} := \text{pending} - (s, [\text{Data}, \text{VCm}, m]);$
 - **trigger** $\langle \text{rcoDeliver}, \text{self}, m \rangle;$
 - $\text{VC}[s] := \text{VC}[s] + 1.$

Algorithm 2



Algorithm 2

