Distributed systems

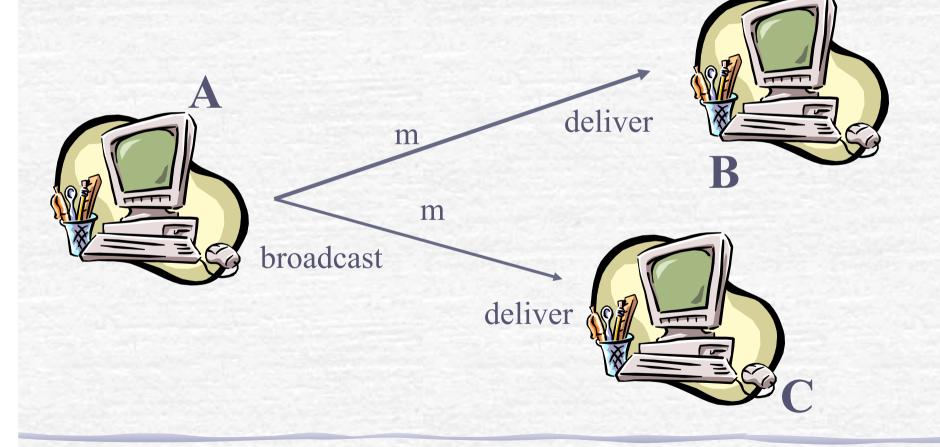
Causal Broadcast

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Overview

- Intuitions: why causal broadcast?
- Specifications of causal broadcast
- Algorithms:
 - A **non-blocking** algorithm using the **past** and
 - A blocking algorithm using vector clocks

Broadcast



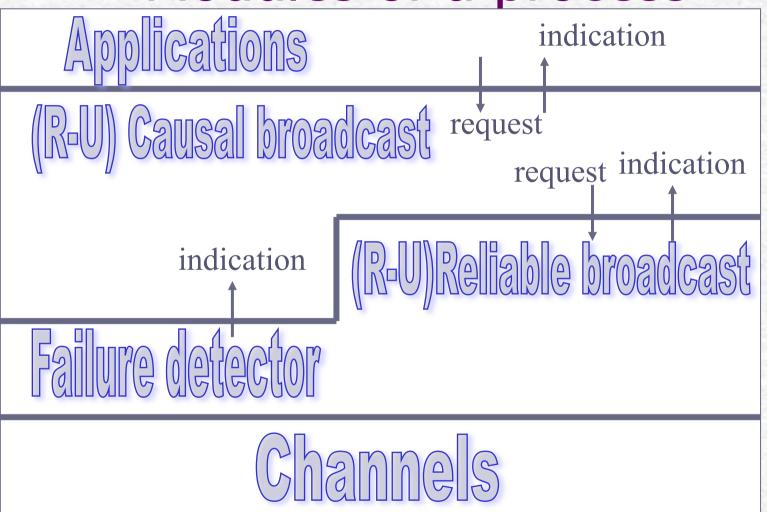
Intuitions (1)

- So far, we did not consider ordering among messages; In particular, we considered messages to be independent
- Two messages from the same process might not be delivered in the order they were broadcast
- A message m1 that causes a message m2 might be delivered by some process after m2

Intuitions (2)

- Consider a system of news where every new event that is displayed in the screen contains a reference to the event that caused it, e.g., a comment on some information includes a reference to the actual information
- Even uniform reliable broadcast does not guarantee such a dependency of delivery
- Causal broadcast alleviates the need for the application to deal with such dependencies

Modules of a process



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Causal broadcast

- Events
 - Request: <coBroadcast, m>
 - Indication: <coDeliver, src, m>

- Property:
 - Causal Order (CO)

Causality

- Let m1 and m2 be any two messages: m1 -> m2 (m1 causally precedes m2) iff
 - **C1 (FIFO order).** Some process pi broadcasts m1 before broadcasting m2
 - **C2** (Local order). Some process pidelivers m1 and then broadcasts m2
 - **C3 (Transitivity).** There is a message m3 such that m1 -> m3 and m3 > m2

Causal broadcast

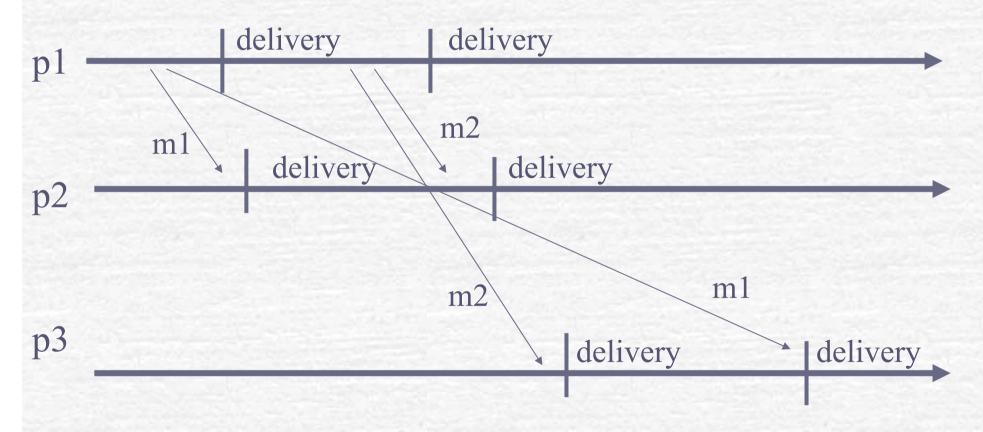
Events

- Request: <coBroadcast, m>
- Indication: <coDeliver, src, m>

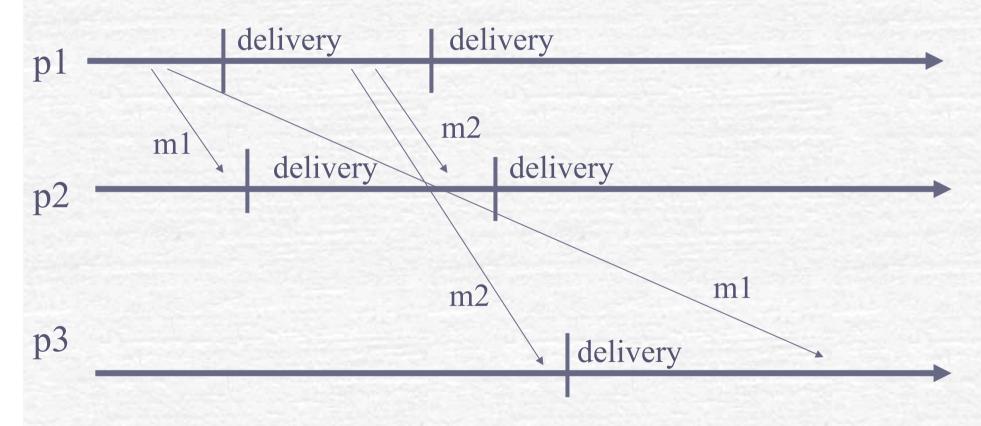
• Property:

• **CO**: If any process pi delivers a message m2, then pi must have delivered every message m1 such that m1 -> m2

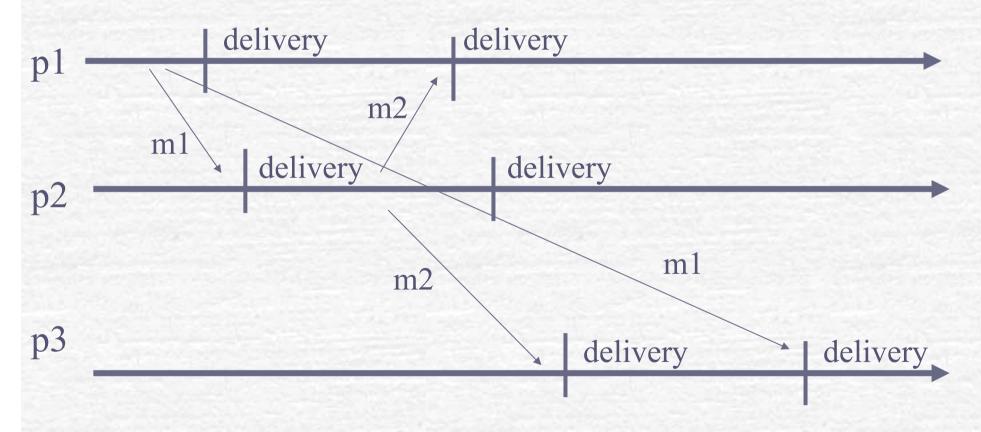
Causality?



Causality?



Causality?



Reliable causal broadcast (rcb)

- Events
 - Request: <rcoBroadcast, m>
 - Indication: <rcoDeliver, src, m>
- Properties:
 - RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4 +
 - CO

Uniform causal broadcast (ucb)

- Events
 - Request: <ucoBroadcast, m>
 - Indication: <ucoDeliver, src, m>
- Properties:
 - URB1, URB2, URB3, URB4 +
 - CO

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Algorithms

- We present reliable causal broadcast algorithms using reliable broadcast
- We obtain uniform causal broadcast algorithms by using instead an underlying uniform reliable broadcast

Algorithm 1

- **Implements:** ReliableCausalOrderBroadcast (rco).
- **Uses:** ReliableBroadcast (rb).
- upon event < Init > do
 - delivered := past := ∅;
- upon event < rcoBroadcast, m> do
 - trigger < rbBroadcast, [Data,past,m]>;
 - past := past U {[self,m]};

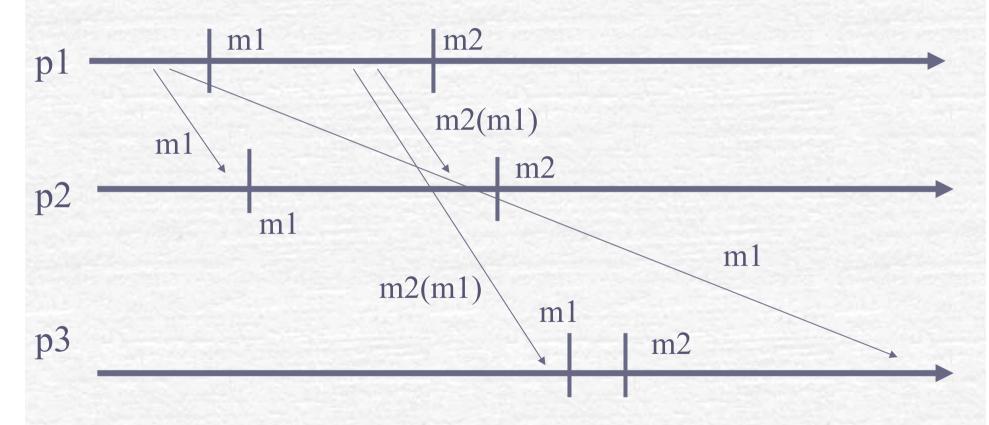
Algorithm 1 (cont'd)

- upon event <rbDeliver,pi,[Data,pastm,m]> do
 - if m ∉ delivered then
 - (*) forall [sn, n] in pastm do
 - if n ∉ delivered then
 - trigger < rcoDeliver,sn,n>;
 - delivered := delivered U {n};
 - past := past U {[sn, n]};

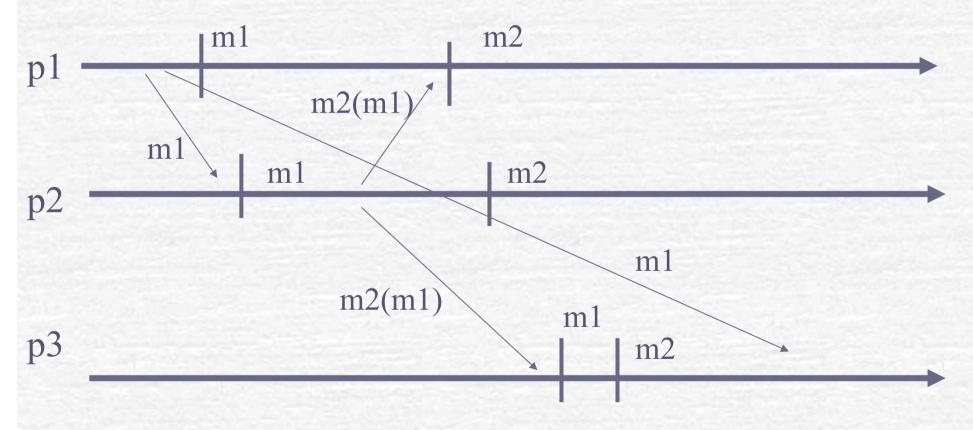
Algorithm 1 (cont'd)

```
(*)
...
trigger <rcoDeliver,pi,m>;
delivered := delivered U {m};
past := past U {[pi,m]};
```

Algorithm 1



Algorithm 1



Uniformity

- Algorithm 1 ensures causal reliable broadcast
- If we replace reliable broadcast with uniform reliable broadcast, Algorithm 1 would ensure uniform causal broadcast

Algorithm 1' (gc)

- Implements: GarbageCollection (+ Algo 1).
- Uses:
 - ReliableBroadcast (rb).
 - PerfectFailureDetector(P).
- upon event < Init > do
 - delivered := past := ∅;
 - correct := S;
 - r ackm := \varnothing (for all m);

Algorithm 1' (gc – cont'd)

- upon event < crash, pi > do
 - correct := correct \ {pi}

- upon for some m ∈ delivered: self ∉ ackm do
 - ackm := ackm U {self};
 - trigger < rbBroadcast, [ACK,m]>;

Algorithm 1' (gc – cont'd)

- upon event <rbDeliver,pi,[ACK,m]> do
 - ackm := ackm U {pi};
 - f if forall pj ∈ correct: pj ∈ ackm do
 - past := past \ {[sm, m]};

Algorithm 2

- Implements: ReliableCausalOrderBroadcast (rco).
- **Uses:** ReliableBroadcast (rb).
- upon event < Init > do
 - for all $pi \in S$: VC[pi] := 0;
 - r pending := \varnothing

Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

upon event < rcoBroadcast, m> do
trigger < rcoDeliver, self, m>;
trigger < rbBroadcast, [Data,VC,m]>;
VC[self] := VC[self] + 1;

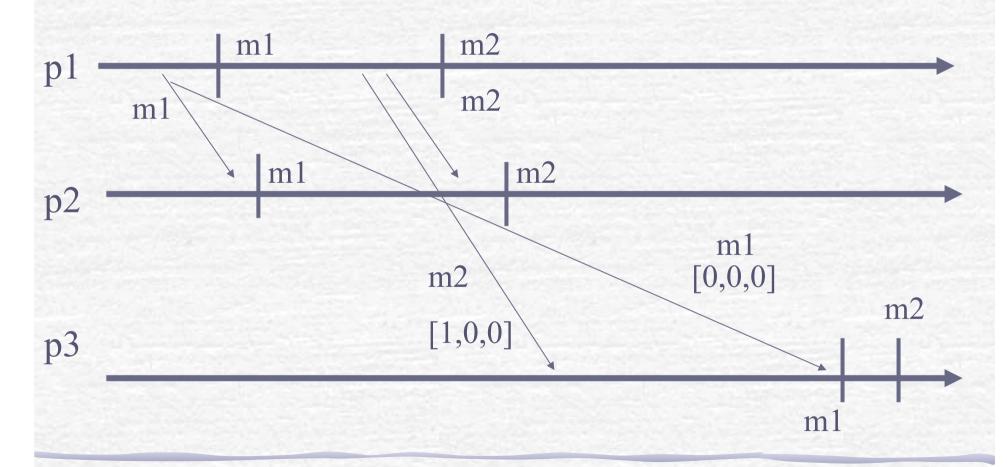
Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

- upon event <rbDeliver, pj, [Data,VCm,m]> do
 - r if pj ≠ self then
 - pending := pending ∪ (pj, [Data,VCm,m]);
 - deliver-pending.

Algorithm 2 (cont'd)

- procedure deliver-pending is
 - **while** (s, [Data, VCm, m]) ∈ pending s.t.
 - for all pk: (VC[pk] ≥ VCm[pk]) do
 - pending := pending (s, [Data,VCm,m]);
 - trigger < rcoDeliver, self, m>;
 - VC[s] := VC[s] + 1.

Algorithm 2



Algorithm 2

