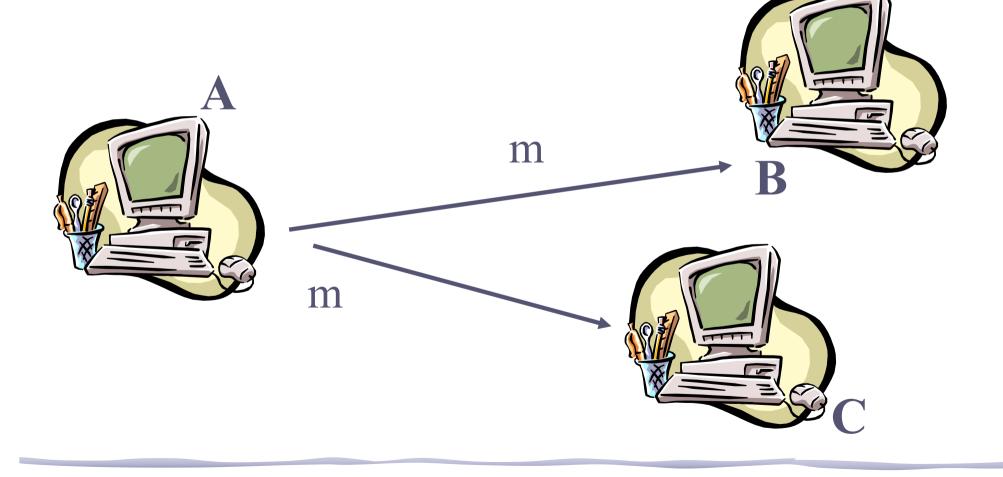


### **Distributed Systems**

# Terminating Reliable Broadcast

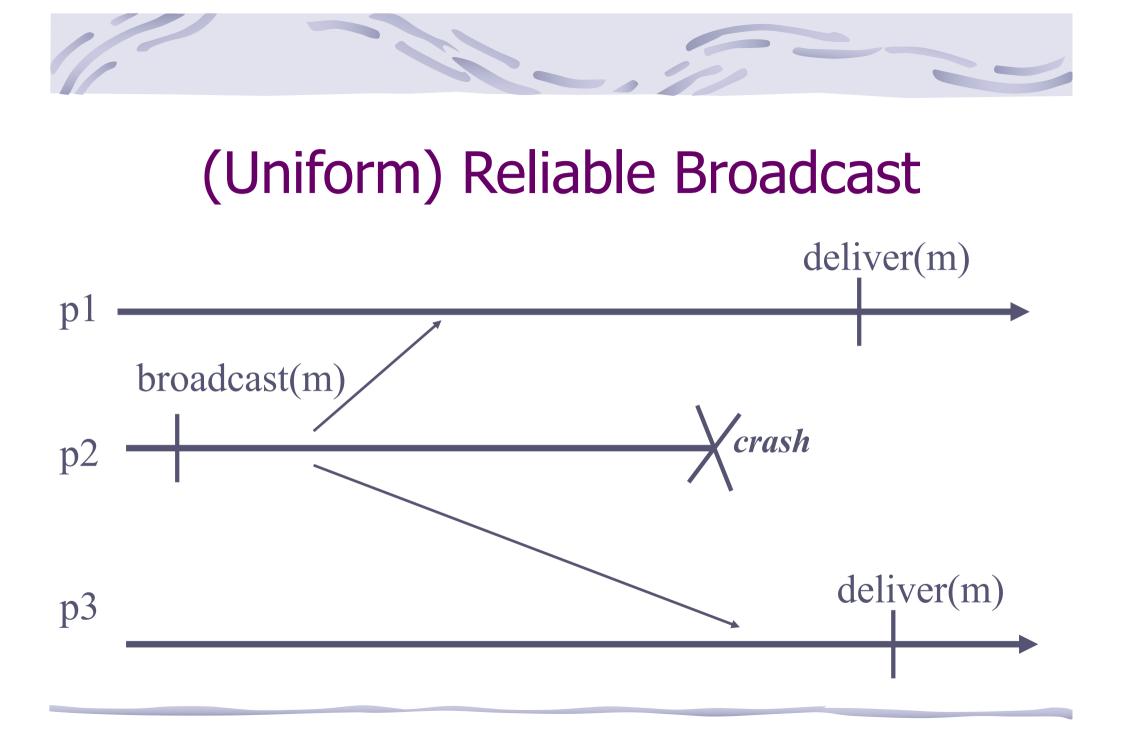
Prof R. Guerraoui Distributed Programming Laboratory





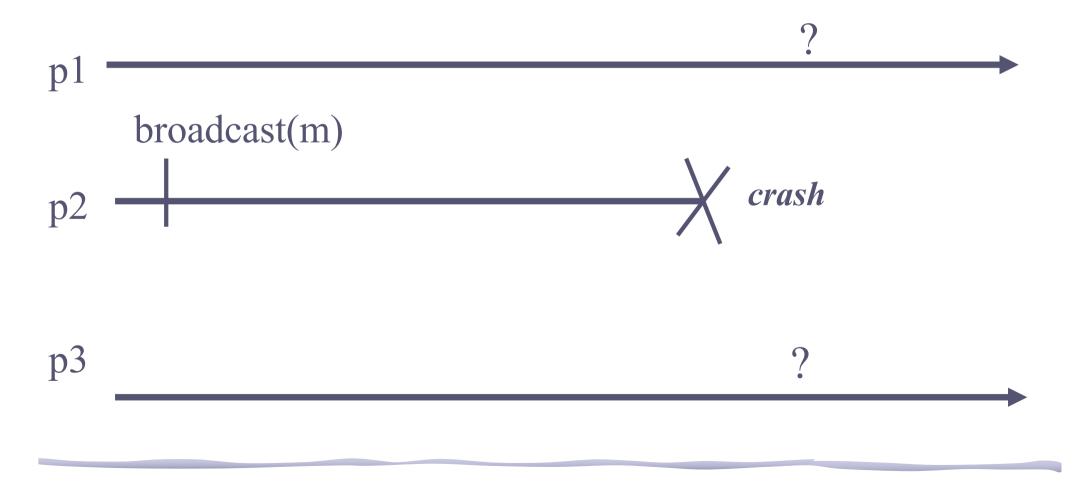
• Like reliable broadcast, terminating reliable broadcast (TRB) is a communication primitive used to disseminate a message among a set of processes in a reliable way

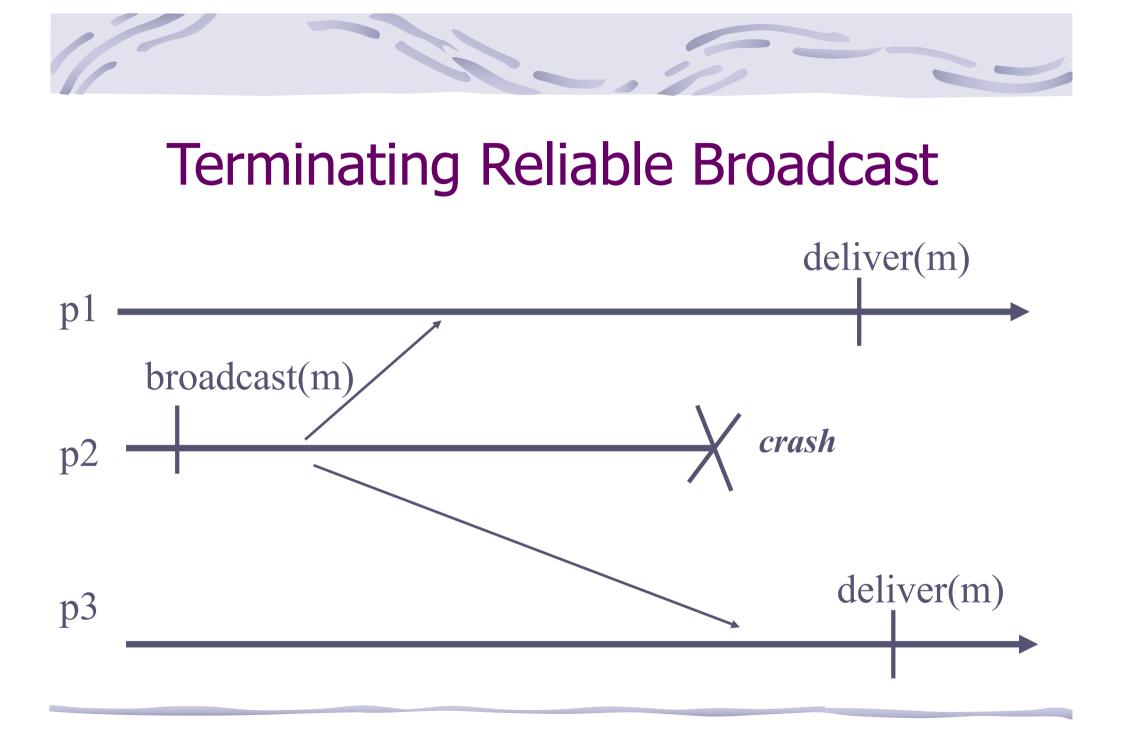
• TRB is however strictly stronger than (uniform) reliable broadcast

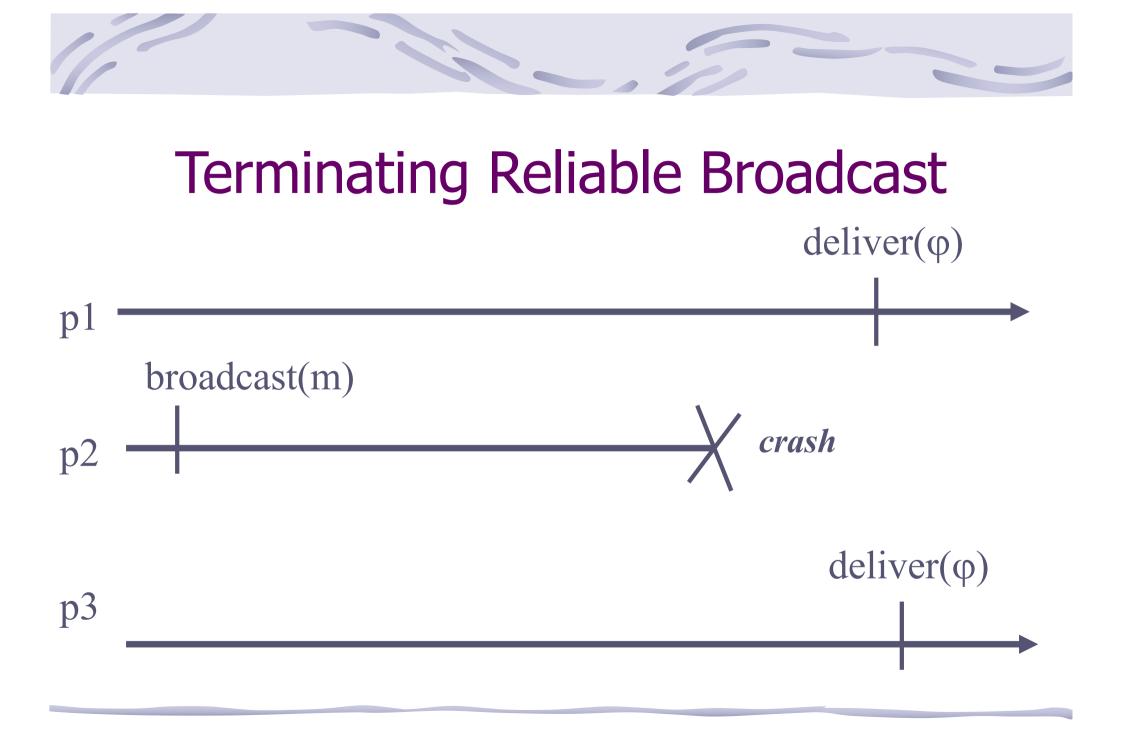




### (Uniform) Reliable Broadcast







- *Like* with reliable broadcast, correct processes in TRB agree on the set of messages they deliver
- *Like* with (uniform) reliable broadcast, every correct process in TRB delivers every message delivered by any process

• **Unlike** with reliable broadcast, every correct process delivers a message, even if the broadcaster crashes

- The problem is defined for a specific broadcaster process pi = src (known by all processes)
- Process src is supposed to broadcast a message m (distinct from φ)
- The other processes need to deliver m if src is correct but may deliver  $\varphi$  if src crashes



- **TRB1. Integrity:** If a process delivers a message m, then either m is  $\varphi$  or m was broadcast by src
- **TRB2.** Validity: If the sender *src* is correct and broadcasts a message m, then *src* eventually delivers m
- **TRB3. (Uniform) Agreement:** For any message m, if a correct (any) process delivers m, then every correct process delivers m
- **TRB4. Termination:** Every correct process eventually delivers exactly one message

### *Events*

Request: <trbBroadcast, m>

r Indication: <trbDeliver, p, m>

- Properties:
  - TRB1, TRB2, TRB3, TRB4



# Algorithm (trb)

- Implements: trbBroadcast (trb).
- Vses:
  - BestEffortBroadcast (beb).
  - PerfectFailureDetector (P).
  - Consensus(cons).
- r upon event < Init > do
  - $\checkmark$  prop :=  $\perp$ ;
  - correct := S;



### Algorithm (trb – cont'd)

upon event < trbBroadcast, m> do
trigger < bebBroadcast, m>;

- **upon event** < crash, src > and (prop =  $\perp$ ) **do** 
  - prop :=  $\varphi$ ;

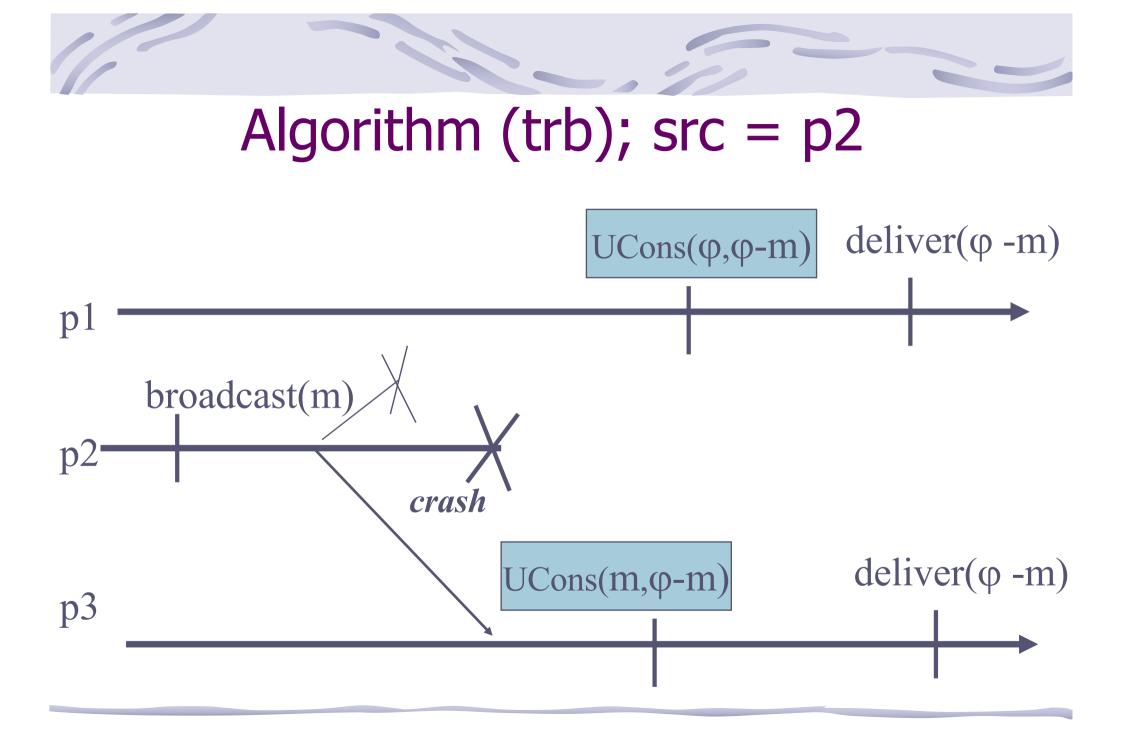


# Algorithm (trb – cont'd)

✓ **upon event** <br/>bebDeliver, src, m> and (prop =  $\bot$ ) **do** 

r prop := m;

- **upon event** (prop  $\neq \perp$ ) **do** 
  - trigger < Propose, prop >;
- **upon event** < Decide, decision> **do** 
  - **trigger** < trbDeliver, src, decision>;



- The TRB algorithm uses the perfect failure detector P (i.e., P is sufficient)
- Is P also necessary?
  - Is there an algorithm that implements TRB with a failure detector that is strictky weaker than P? (this would mean that P is not necessary)
  - Is there an algorithm that uses TRB to implement P (this would mean that P is necessary)

- We give an algorithm that implements **P** using **TRB**; more precisely, we assume that every process pi can use an infinite number of instances of TRB where pi is the sender src
  - 1. Every process pi keeps on trbBroadcasting messages mi1, mi2, etc
  - 2. If a process pk delivers  $\phi i$ , pk suspects pi