

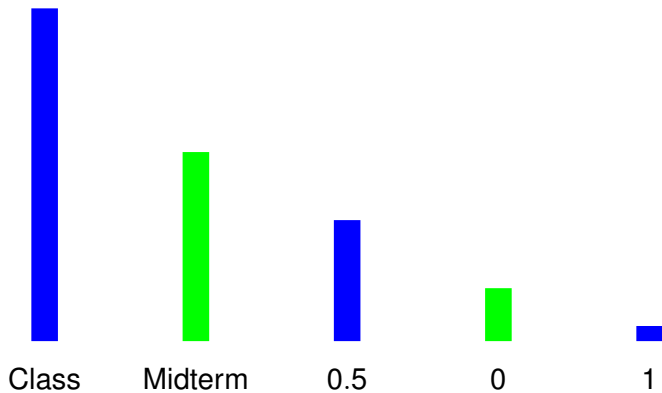
The Midterm Exam: Comments & Solutions

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Statistics



Problem 1

Task: Implement Test&Set out of binary consensus objects and atomic registers.

A Reminder

- Binary consensus is a consensus object that accepts **only** 0 and 1 as a proposed value.

```
propose(0 or 1)
```

- Test&Set maintains a binary value x (init. to 0), and has only one operation with the following sequential spec.:

```
operation test&set()  
begin  
  y := x;  
  x := 1;  
  return y;  
end
```

The Idea

- Test&Set = first invocation returns 0, others return 1
- Concurrent invocations \Rightarrow need to elect one process (winner) \Rightarrow need to reach consensus on **who** the winner is

An Algorithm (1)

uses: $C[1, \dots, n]$ – binary consensus objects, $R[1, \dots, n]$ – atomic SWMR registers

initially: $firstInv_i = true$ at every process p_i , $R[1, \dots, n] = false$

An Algorithm (2)

```
upon test&seti() do  
  if firstInvi = false then return 1  
  firstInvi  $\leftarrow$  false  
  R[i].write(true)  
  v = 0, k  $\leftarrow$  0  
  while v = 0 do  
    k  $\leftarrow$  k + 1  
    if R[k].read() = true then v  $\leftarrow$  1  
    v  $\leftarrow$  C[k].proposei(v)  
  if k = i then return 0  
  return 1
```

Problem 2 – Shared Object GetId

Shared object **GetId** maintains a value *lastId* (init. to 0) and an array of values $id[1, \dots, n]$ (all init. to 0). It has one operation with the following sequential spec.:

```
operation getId()
begin
  if id[i] = 0 then
    begin
      lastId := lastId + 1;
      id[i] := lastId;
    end
  end
  return id[i];
end
```


Problem 2

Question: What is the **consensus number** of shared object GetId?

Consensus number = the maximum number of processes, amongst which the object can implement consensus

Answer: 2

The Idea

We need two steps:

- 1 The consensus number of GetId is **at least 2**
- 2 The consensus number of GetId is **at most 2**

Step 1

The consensus number of GetId is **at least 2** \Rightarrow we can implement 2-consensus using GetId:

uses: G – GetId object, $R[1, 2]$ – array of atomic registers

upon $propose_i(v_i)$ **do**

```
|  $R[i] \leftarrow v_i$   
| if  $G.getId_i() = 1$  then return  $v_i$   
| return  $R[3 - i]$ 
```

Step 2

The consensus number of GetId is **at most 2** \Rightarrow we can implement GetId using an object that is known to have consensus number 2, e.g., Test&Set:

uses: $T[1, \dots, n]$ – array of Test&Set objects

initially: $id_i = \perp$ for every process p_i

upon $getId_i()$ **do**

if $id_i \neq \perp$ **then return** id_i

$k \leftarrow 1$

while $T[k].test\&set_i() = 1$ **do** $k \leftarrow k + 1$

$id_i \leftarrow k$

return k